

**140.** Please list types and approximate percentages of collateral misconduct that commonly occur in sexual assault cases other than alcohol-related offenses(e.g., adultery, fraternization, or other regulations/orders violations).

USA	The Army does not centrally track this data as victims are not investigated or titled for collateral misconduct arising out of a sexual assault allegation.
USAF	<p><b>ACC</b> – Marijuana use – 14% (1 of 7)  <b>AMC</b> – Fraternization – 17% (1 of 6); Unprofessional Relationship -17% (1 of 6)  <b>USAFE</b> – Adultery – 50% (1 of 2); Abusive Sexual Contact – 50% (1 of 2)  <b>AETC</b> – Adultery – 20% (1 of 5); Drug Abuse – 20% (1 of 5)  <b>AFGSC</b> – None  <b>AFDW</b> – None  <b>AFMC</b> – Fraternization – 33% (1 of 3)  <b>USAFA</b> – None  <b>AFSPC</b> – Extortion – 100% (1 of 1)  <b>PACAF</b> – Marijuana use – 100% (1 of 1)  <b>AFSOC</b> – None</p> <p>- For victims represented by SVCs, the most common non-alcohol related offenses involve adultery, unprofessional relationships/fraternization, and violation of regulations (dorm rules, curfew, and other rules when in the BMT-TT environment). Most are combined with the alcohol related offense. An extremely small percentage (less than 1%) involve minor drug offenses.</p>
USN	Navy does not collect or evaluate this data.
USMC	The Marine Corps does not specifically track this information. However, anecdotally, the most common forms of collateral misconduct that stem from cases involving sexual assault include adultery, fraternization, and orders/regulations violations.
USCG	The Coast Guard has no historical data of this nature and cannot provide a statistically reliable answer.